## Township of Hart Oceana County, Michigan

### REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(with required supplementary information)

Year ended March 31, 2008

# Township of Hart

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As management of the Township of Hart, we present to the readers of the Township's financial statements this overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Township of Hart for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008. We encourage you to consider the information presented in these financial statements along with the additional information that has been furnished in this letter.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ➤ The General Fund fund balance decreased by \$66,733, after spending \$72,500 on the old Polk Road State Barn, and a slight increase in revenues.
- ➤ The Road Millage Fund fund balance increased by \$62,813 due to collecting road millages without any expenditures.
- ➤ The DDA's net assets increased by \$32,895 after collecting revenues without any expenditures.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Township's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Township's finances. These statements are similar to those of a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the Township's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Township is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Township's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements mentioned above distinguish functions of the Township that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are designed to recover all or a significant part of their costs through user fees and charges for services (business type activities). The governmental activities of the Township include general government, public safety, public works, community and economic development and cultural and recreational activities. The Township does not have any business-type activities.

## **Township of Hart**

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

The government-wide financial statements include not only the Township of Hart (the primary government) but also a legally separate discretely presented component unit, the Downtown Development Authority (DDA). A majority of the board of this organization is appointed by the Township Supervisor and the remainder of the board is appointed by the mayor of the City of Hart. Given the interrelation of the DDA and the Township, there is some potential liability for the Township due to the Township's pledge of its full faith and credit for debt obligations. The financial information of this component unit is reported in a separate column from the financial information of the primary government itself.

**Fund Financial Statements**. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Township, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Township can be divided into two categories—governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a governmental entity's short-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the two.

The Township of Hart maintains two governmental funds, the General Fund and the Road Millage Fund.

**Fiduciary Funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Township. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from those funds are not available to support the Township's programs. The accounting method used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for the proprietary funds.

**Notes to Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The reader is encouraged to include the reading of this section in any attempt to analyze and understand these statements.

**Other Information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Township's budgetary information as it relates to the actual expenditures for the General Fund and the Road Millage Fund.

### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

The first table presented below is a summary of the government-wide Statement of Net Assets for the Township of Hart. Capital assets increased due to the purchase of the Polk Road Old State Barn. As stated earlier, the net assets may be used as an indicator of a government's financial health. As of March 31, 2008, the Township's net assets from governmental activities totaled \$529,198.

In examining the composition of these net assets, the reader should note that governmental activities net assets are invested in capital assets (i.e., buildings, land, vehicles, equipment, etc). These assets are used to provide services to the Township's residents, and they are not available to pay salaries, operational expenses or fund capital projects. The unrestricted net assets for governmental-type activities are \$408,440. This represents the amount of discretionary cash or investments that can be used for general governmental operations.

#### **Net Assets**

		nmental ivities
	2008	2007
Current assets	\$ 431,277	\$ 432,647
Capital assets	_120,758_	40,711
Total assets	552,035	473,358
Current liabilities	22,837	18,839
Net assets		
Invested in capital assets	120,758	40,711
Unrestricted	408,440	413,808
Total net assets	\$ 529,198	\$ 454,519

#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities increased by \$74,679 (16%) during the 2008 fiscal year. The following table depicts this occurrence which will be discussed in more detail later in this analysis.

Property tax revenues increased primarily due to normal inflationary increases in taxable value and the collection of a road millage. State shared revenue was higher than expected. Investment earnings increased due to higher interest rates. General government increased as a result of an increase in professional services in regards to surveying related to assessing. Public works decreased due to less road construction done during the year. Culture and recreation decreased due to soccer field improvements completed in the prior year.

### **Change in Net Assets**

	Governmental				
	Activities				
	_	2008 20			
Revenues	_				
Program revenues					
Charges for services	\$	2,757	\$	3,511	
General revenues					
Property taxes		147,457		77,731	
Grants and contributions		149,529		138,237	
Unrestricted investment earnings		11,119		10,622	
Miscellaneous	_	10,192		13,906	
Total revenues		321,054		244,007	
Expenses					
General government		179,186		158,045	
Public safety		40,438		36,414	
Public works		10,889		14,891	
Community and economic development		10,343		10,651	
Culture and recreation	_	5,519		21,718	
Total expenses	-	246,375		241,719	
Change in net assets		74,679		2,288	
Net assets - Beginning	_	454,519		452,231	
Net assets - Ending	\$	529,198	\$	454,519	

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As stated earlier in this discussion and analysis, the Township uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Township's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances in spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Township's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balances or the lack thereof, may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the 2008 fiscal year, the Township's governmental funds reported a combined unreserved fund balance of \$321,356, of which \$214,042 is in the General Fund and \$107,314 is in the Road Millage Fund. It is necessary to further distinguish between the unreserved and reserved fund balance. The unreserved balance represents what is available for spending at the Township's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance of \$5,908 is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to liquidate commitments and purchase orders. When the fund balance has been adjusted to account for these reserves, the result is a final fund balance of \$327,264, of which \$219,950 is in the General Fund and \$107,314 is in the Road Millage Fund.

The General Fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$66,733 due to the purchase of a building next to the Township Hall. The Road Millage Fund had an increase in fund balance of \$62,813 due to property tax collections with no disbursements during the year.

#### **General Fund Budget**

During the current fiscal year, the Township made a few amendments to its original budget. The most significant of those is listed below:

- ➤ The original elections budget was increased by \$1,510 due to an additional election during the year.
- The original assessor budget was increased by \$1,825 because the Township implemented a new GPS assessing package.
- ➤ The original community and economic planning budget was increased by \$725 because the Township had originally planned on developing a master plan, which did not materialize.

The following comments summarize the major variations from the final budget to actual revenues and expenditures.

#### Revenues

➤ Property taxes were lower than budgeted because the Section 425 revenues were lower than expected. State shared revenues exceeded the budget because the Township underestimated the amount actually paid by the State.

#### **Expenditures**

- ➤ Township Board expenditures were over budget because professional fees were higher than anticipated.
- ➤ Road expenditures were less than budgeted due to less work being performed by the Road Commission.
- Capital outlay expenditures were over budget due to the purchase of Polk Road Old State Barn.

#### **Capital Assets Administration**

The Township of Hart's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of March 31, 2008 totaled \$120,758 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, building, land improvements, leasehold improvements and equipment. Major capital asset events during the current the year included the purchase of a new building for \$72,500, and the donation of two optical scan voting machines from the State of Michigan for \$11,000.

# Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	Governmental				
	Activities				
	2008	_	2007		
Land \$	13,440	\$	13,440		
Building	72,349		-		
Land improvements	14,009		14,807		
Leasehold improvements	6,935		8,059		
Equipment	14,025		4,405		
Total \$	120,758	\$	40,711		

Additional information on the Township's capital assets can be found in Note E of the "Notes to Financial Statements" of this report.

### **General Economic Overview**

The General Fund is comprised of two major revenue sources, state revenue sharing and property tax revenue. Those two sources comprised 91% of the General Fund revenue sources. The state revenues are affected by the State of Michigan budget along with sales tax collections. State revenue sharing is not expected to increase in fiscal year 2009. Property tax revenues are expected to increase 3 to 4 percent due to normal inflationary increases in taxable value. Expenditures are expected to increase due to major road improvements.

### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Township of Hart's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Township of Hart, 3437 W. Polk Road, PO Box 740, Hart, Michigan, 49420, (231) 873-2734.



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

August 14, 2008

Township Board Township of Hart Hart, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Hart, Michigan as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township of Hart, Michigan's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Hart, Michigan, as of March 31, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages i - vii and 17 are not a required part of the basic financial statement but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Srukley Ve Long, PLC

# Township of Hart STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

March 31, 2008

#### ASSETS

			Unit Downtown		
	Governmental activities	Development Authority			
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 307,008	\$	158,059		
Receivables					
Property taxes	15,417		-		
Land contract	81,176		-		
Due from other governmental units	21,768		_		
Prepaid items	5,908				
Total current assets	431,277		158,059		
NONCURRENT ASSETS					
Capital assets, net					
Nondepreciable	13,440		-		
Depreciable	107,318				
Total noncurrent assets	120,758				
Total assets	552,035		158,059		
LIABILITIES AND	NET ASSETS				
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	10,629		-		
Due to other governmental units	12,208		=		
Total liabilities	22,837		-		
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets	120,758		-		
Unrestricted	408,440	-	158,059		
Total net assets	\$ 529,198	\$	158,059		

# Township of Hart **STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**

For the year ended March 31, 2008

						Net (Expense Changes in		
Functions/Programs		Expenses	C	Program Revenue Charges for services	_	Primary Government Governmental activities	-	Component unit Downtown Development Authority
Primary government	_						_	
Governmental activities								
General government	\$	179,186	\$	-	\$	(179,186)	\$	-
Public safety		40,438		-		(40,438)		-
Public works		10,889		-		(10,889)		-
Community and economic development		10,343		2,757		(7,586)		-
Culture and recreation	_	5,519	_		_	(5,519)	_	
Total governmental activities	\$ <u></u>	246,375	\$	2,757		(243,618)		-
Component unit Downtown Development Authority Economic development	\$ <u></u>		\$			-		-
General revenues								
Property taxes						147,457		31,758
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs						149,529		-
Unrestricted investment earnings						11,119		1,137
Miscellaneous						10,192		-
Total general revenues						318,297		32,895
Change in net assets						74,679		32,895
Net assets at April 1, 2007						454,519	_	125,164
Net assets at March 31, 2008					\$_	529,198	\$	158,059

Township of Hart BALANCE SHEET Governmental Funds March 31, 2008

	 General Fund			g	Total overnmental funds
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 205,787	\$	101,221	\$	307,008
Property taxes receivable	9,324		6,093		15,417
Due from other governmental units	21,768		-		21,768
Prepaid items	 5,908	_			5,908
Total assets	\$ 242,787	\$_	107,314	\$	350,101
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 5,366	\$	-	\$	5,366
Accrued liabilities	5,263		-		5,263
Due to other governmental units	 12,208		-		12,208
Total liabilities	22,837		-		22,837
Fund balances					
Reserved for prepaid items	5,908		-		5,908
Unreserved					
General Fund	214,042		-		214,042
Special Revenue Fund	 -		107,314		107,314
Total fund balances	 219,950	_	107,314		327,264
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 242,787	\$_	107,314	\$	350,101

# Township of Hart RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

March 31, 2008

Total fund balance—governmental funds			\$	327,264
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.				
Cost of capital assets	\$	131,312		
Accumulated depreciation	-	(10,554)		120,758
Certain receivables in governmental activities are not available to pay for current period				
expenditures and are not reported in the governmental funds.			_	81,176
Net assets of governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets			\$	529,198

# Township of Hart STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

### Governmental Funds

For the year ended March 31, 2008

	_	General Fund	_	Road Millage Fund	_	Total governmental funds
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	85,874	\$	61,583	\$	147,457
Licenses and permits		2,757		-		2,757
Intergovernmental revenues - State		149,529		-		149,529
Investment earnings		9,889		1,230		11,119
Other	_	11,640	_	_	_	11,640
Total revenues		259,689		62,813		322,502
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government		176,531		-		176,531
Public safety		40,438		-		40,438
Public works		10,889		-		10,889
Community and economic development		10,343		-		10,343
Culture and recreation		4,721		-		4,721
Capital outlay	_	83,500	_	-	_	83,500
Total expenditures	_	326,422	_		_	326,422
Net change in fund balances		(66,733)		62,813		(3,920)
Fund balances at April 1, 2007	_	286,683	_	44,501	-	331,184
Fund balances at March 31, 2008	\$_	219,950	\$_	107,314	\$_	327,264

### Township of Hart

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended March 31, 2008

Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds			\$ (3,920)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures; in the Statement of Activities, these costs are depreciated over their estimated useful lives.			
Depreciation expense	\$	(3,453)	
Capital outlay	_	83,500	80,047
Payments received on notes receivable are reported as revenues in the governmental			
funds; the payments are netted against notes receivable on the Statement of Net Assets.			 (1,448)
Change in net assets of governmental activities			\$ 74,679

# Township of Hart STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Fiduciary Fund March 31, 2008

AGGETTG	Ag	ency Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,765
LIABILITIES		
Due to other governmental units	\$	10,765

# Township of Hart NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2008

#### NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Township of Hart (Township) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Township's accounting policies are described below.

#### Reporting Entity

The Township is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five-member Board and is administered by a Township Supervisor. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component unit, an entity for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government. The discretely presented component unit has a March 31 fiscal year end.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

Downtown Development Authority (DDA). A majority of the DDA board is appointed by the Township Supervisor and the remainder is appointed by the mayor of the City of Hart, but the Authority operates as a separate entity. The component unit is presented as a governmental fund type.

#### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Township has no business-type activities. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The Township does not allocate indirect costs.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Road Millage Fund which is used to account for a millage levied for improvements to Township roads.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Board.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Township's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The Township's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The Township reports its investments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*. Under this standard, certain investments are valued at fair value as determined by quoted market prices or by estimated fair values when quoted market prices are not available. The standard also provides that certain investments are valued at cost (or amortized cost) when they are of a short-term duration, the rate of return is fixed, and the Township intends to hold the investment until maturity.

The Township has adopted an investment policy in compliance with State of Michigan statutes. Those statutes authorize the Township to invest in obligations of the United States, certificates of deposit, prime commercial paper, securities guaranteed by United States agencies or instrumentalities, United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, state-approved investment pools and certain mutual funds.

The component units' cash and investments are maintained within the Township's investment pool.

#### **Receivables and Payables**

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles.

The Township bills and collects its own property taxes and also collects taxes for the county, school and State of Michigan. Taxes are levied on each December 1 on the taxable valuation of property (as defined by state statutes) located in the Local Governmental Unit as of the preceding December 31. Uncollectible real property taxes as of the following March 1 are turned over by the Township to the County for collection. The County advances the Township all these delinquent real property taxes. The delinquent personal property taxes remain the responsibility of the Township. The Township recognizes all available revenue from the current tax levy. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days).

The 2007 state taxable value for real/personal property of the Township totaled approximately \$67,000,000. The ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 1.25 mills and 1.0 mills for the Township's general and road operations. These amounts are recognized in the General Fund and the Road Millage Fund, respectively.

The DDA receives its property tax revenue from the City of Hart through a Section 425 agreement.

#### **Prepaid Items**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity—Continued

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40
Land improvements	20
Leasehold improvements	9
Equipment	10

#### **Fund Equity**

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures.

#### NOTE B—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary information provided in the financial statements:

a. Prior to March 31, the Township Clerk submits to the Township Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following April 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

#### NOTE B—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY—Continued

#### **Budgetary Information—Continued**

- b. Public hearings are conducted at the Township Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to March 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- d. Supplemental appropriations, when required to provide for additional expenditures, are matched by additional anticipated revenues or an appropriation of available fund balance and must be approved by the Township Board. All appropriations lapse at year end.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The Township's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Township Board. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level.

#### **Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations**

During the year ended March 31, 2008, actual expenditures exceeded appropriations for:

		Amended	
		Actual	
General Fund	_		 
Township Board	\$	52,525	\$ 64,607
Assessor		16,815	18,373
Capital Outlay		15,350	83,500

#### NOTE C—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

**Interest rate risk.** The Township does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

**Credit risk.** State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the two highest classifications issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The Township has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of credit risk. The Township does not have a concentration of credit risk policy. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Township investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

**Custodial credit risk - deposits.** In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. As of March 31, 2008, \$252,343 of the Township's bank balance of \$465,256 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

**Custodial credit risk - investments.** The Township does not have a custodial credit risk policy for investments. This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

**Foreign currency risk.** The Township is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

#### NOTE D—LAND CONTRACT RECEIVABLE

The Township sold a building through a land contract. The agreement requires monthly payments of \$599 at 7 percent interest with a final balloon payment due by September 2008.

#### NOTE E—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended March 31, 2008 was as follows:

Governmental activities:  Capital assets, not being depreciated:	-	Balance April 1, 2007		Additions	Deductions	•	Balance March 31, 2008
Land	\$	13,440	\$	-	\$ -	\$	13,440
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Building		<u>-</u>		72,500	-		72,500
Land improvements		15,952		-	-		15,952
Leasehold improvements		10,120		-	-		10,120
Equipment	-	8,300	•	11,000		-	19,300
Total capital assets, being depreciated		34,372		83,500	-		117,872
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Building		-		151	-		151
Land improvements		1,145		798	-		1,943
Leasehold improvements		2,061		1,124	-		3,185
Equipment		3,895		1,380	-		5,275
Total accumulated depreciation	_	7,101	į	3,453		-	10,554
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	27,271	į	80,047		-	107,318
Capital assets, net	\$	40,711	\$	80,047	\$ 	\$	120,758
Depreciation							
Depreciation expense has been charged to fund	ctio	ns as follo	ws:				
Governmental activities:							
General government						\$	2,655
Culture and recreation							798
						\$	3,453

#### NOTE F—OTHER INFORMATION

#### **Risk Management**

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Township manages its liability and property risk as a member of the Michigan Township Participating Plan (MTPP), a public entity risk pool providing liability and property coverage to its participating members. The Township pays an annual premium to MTPP for its insurance coverage. The MTPP is self-sustaining through member premiums and provides, subject to certain deductibles, occurrence-based casualty coverage for each incident and occurrence-based property coverage to its members by internally assuring certain risks and reinsuring risks through commercial companies. Various deductibles are maintained to place the responsibility for small charges with the insured. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Township carries commercial insurance for workers' compensation, employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years

#### NOTE G—PENSION PLANS

#### **Defined Contribution Plan**

The Township maintains a defined contribution retirement plan administered by John Hancock that covers all of its employees. The Plan requires the Township to contribute an amount equal to 9 percent of the employee's annual compensation each plan year and employees are required to contribute 3 percent of their annual compensation. The Township's contribution for the year ended March 31, 2008 was \$6,363 and the employees' contributions were \$1,357.

#### NOTE H—ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

State of Michigan shared revenues represent 56 percent of General Fund revenues.



# Township of Hart Required Supplementary Information BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

General Fund

For the year ended March 31, 2008

								Variance with final budget-
	-	Budgeted amounts				Actual		positive (negative)
REVENUES	-	Original		Final	_	Actual	_	(negative)
Property taxes	\$	101,358	\$	101,358	\$	85,874	\$	(15,484)
Licenses and permits	Ą	3,000	φ	3,000	φ	2,757	φ	(243)
Intergovernmental revenues - State		135,000		135,000		149,529		14,529
Investment earnings		10,700		10,700		9,889		(811)
Other		9,050		9,050		11,640		2,590
Total revenues	-	259,108	_	259,108	_	259,689	_	581
		237,100		237,100		237,007		301
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government								
Township Board		52,525		52,525		64,607		(12,082)
Township Supervisor		8,450		8,450		8,383		67
Elections		600		2,110		2,355		(245)
Board of review		1,800		1,800		1,095		705
Clerk		14,470		14,470		14,898		(428)
Treasurer		18,560		18,560		18,536		24
Assessor		14,990		16,815		18,373		(1,558)
Building and grounds		39,475		35,415		31,010		4,405
Cemetery		17,600		17,600		17,274		326
Public safety		41,550		41,550		40,438		1,112
Public works								
Roads		15,100		15,100		9,355		5,745
Street lighting		1,700		1,700		1,534		166
Community and economic development								
Planning		9,438		10,163		10,343		(180)
Culture and recreation								
Parks		7,500		7,500		4,721		2,779
Capital outlay	-	15,350	_	15,350	_	83,500	_	(68,150)
Total expenditures	-	259,108		259,108		326,422	_	(67,314)
Net change in fund balance	\$ =		\$_			(66,733)	\$_	(66,733)
Fund balance at April 1, 2007					_	286,683		
Fund balance at March 31, 2008					\$	219,950		

#### Township of Hart

# Required Supplementary Information BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Road Millage Fund

For the year ended March 31, 2008

Variance with

	Budgeted amounts						final budget- positive	
	Original		Final		Actual			(negative)
REVENUES		,						
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	61,583	\$	61,583
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenues - State		-		-		-		-
Investment earnings		-		-		1,230		1,230
Other		-		-		-	_	
Total revenues		-		-		62,813		62,813
EXPENDITURES							_	
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$			62,813	\$_	62,813
Fund balance at April 1, 2007					_	44,501		
Fund balance at March 31, 2008					\$	107,314		



August 14, 2008

Township Board Township of Hart Hart, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Hart as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Township of Hart's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. In addition, because of inherent limitations in internal control, including the possibility of management override of controls, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected by such controls. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies and other deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the attached deficiencies to be significant deficiencies in internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We believe the attached deficiencies, identified as material weaknesses, constitute material weaknesses.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the Township Board, management, others within the Organization, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

#### **MATERIAL WEAKNESS**

Recommendation 1: The Township should maintain a complete set of records for the Road Millage Fund.

During our testing, we noted that Road Millage Fund cash was not recorded in the general ledger. It was determined that a separate Road Millage Fund had been established, but no general ledger to record activity had been prepared. Additionally, no budget for the Road Millage Fund had been prepared.

All governmental funds should have a complete set of accounting records including current year budget information.

#### SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

Recommendation 2: The internal controls surrounding the preparation of formal year end financial statements should be improved.

Small organizations with limited resources and personnel inherently have difficulty in establishing and maintaining effective internal accounting controls related to the preparation and review of the formal year end financial statements.

The Township should review its procedures surrounding the preparation of year end financial statements to include the appointment of an individual with the requisite technical skills and experience to review the formal year end financial statements and accompanying footnotes, in relation to required disclosures in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Recommendation 3: The internal control procedures should be further segregated.

Small organizations with limited resources and personnel inherently have difficulty in establishing and maintaining an accounting system with strong internal accounting controls including significant segregation of duties.

The Township should continue using its current accounting system, but seek opportunities to further segregate duties and strengthen internal controls. Often the most effective approach is the expansion of documented approval of transactions and reconciliations by the Township Board and chief executive officer.

Recommendation 4: The Township should amend the budget prior to the end of the fiscal year.

During our testing, we noted the Township purchased real estate prior to year end which resulted in significant expenditures in excess of appropriations in the Capital Outlay budget.

The Township should approve an amended budget prior to year end for any large expenditures.